Complete Summary

TITLE

Diagnosis and treatment of chest pain and acute coronary syndrome (ACS): percentage of patients with chest pain symptoms in the emergency department receiving early therapy including intravenous access, oxygen, nitroglycerin, morphine and a chewable aspirin on arrival.

SOURCE(S)

Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI). Diagnosis and treatment of chest pain and acute coronary syndrome (ACS). Bloomington (MN): Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI); 2008 Oct. 69 p. [138 references]

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the Measure Validity page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percentage of patients with chest pain symptoms in the emergency department receiving early therapy including intravenous access, oxygen, nitroglycerin, morphine, and a chewable aspirin on arrival.

RATIONALE

The priority aim addressed by this measure is to increase the success of emergency intervention for patients with high-risk chest pain.

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Chest pain; emergency department; intravenous access; oxygen; nitroglycerin; morphine; chewable aspirin

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of patients with chest pain seen in emergency department

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of patients with chest pain symptoms in the emergency department receiving early therapy including intravenous access, oxygen, nitroglycerin, morphine, and a chewable aspirin on arrival

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

 A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence

NATIONAL GUIDELINE CLEARINGHOUSE LINK

Diagnosis and treatment of chest pain and acute coronary syndrome (ACS).

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Unspecified

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Internal quality improvement

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Emergency Medical Services Hospitals

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Physicians

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Group Clinical Practices

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Age greater than 18 years

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Getting Better

IOM DOMAIN

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

Patients greater than age 18 presenting to the emergency department with chest pain symptoms

Identify patients seen in the emergency department with a diagnosis of chest pain. Medical records can then be reviewed to determine if the patient received early therapy including intravenous access, nitroglycerin, morphine, oxygen and a chewable aspirin on arrival in the emergency department. A minimum sample of 15 to 20 randomly selected records should be reviewed for evidence of the patient receiving chewable aspirin.

It is suggested that data is collected monthly.

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of patients with chest pain seen in emergency department

Exclusions

Unspecified

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Clinical Condition Encounter

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a single point in time

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of patients with chest pain symptoms in the emergency department receiving early therapy including intravenous access, oxygen, nitroglycerin, morphine, and a chewable aspirin on arrival

Exclusions

Unspecified

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Encounter or point in time

DATA SOURCE

Medical record

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Percentage of patients with chest pain symptoms in the emergency department receiving early therapy including intravenous access, oxygen, nitroglycerin, morphine and a chewable aspirin on arrival.

MEASURE COLLECTION

<u>Diagnosis and Treatment of Chest Pain and Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS)</u>
<u>Measures</u>

DEVELOPER

Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement

FUNDING SOURCE(S)

The following Minnesota health plans provide direct financial support: Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota, HealthPartners, Medica, Metropolitan Health Plan, PreferredOne, and UCare Minnesota. In-kind support is provided by the Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement's (ICSI) members.

COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP THAT DEVELOPED THE MEASURE

Work Group Members: R. Scott Wright, MD (Work Group Leader) (Mayo Clinic) (Cardiology); Paul Spilde, PT (Park Nicollet Health Services) (Cardiac Rehabilitation); James Morrison, MD (HealthPartners Medical Group) (Cardiology); M. Danish Rizvi, MD (HealthPartners Medical Group) (Cardiology); Jackson Thatcher, MD (Park Nicollet Health Services) (Cardiology); Editha Liu, MD (Avera Health) (Hospitalist); Tonja Larson, PharmD, BCPS (Marshfield Clinic) (Pharmacy); Kathy Melsha, PharmD, BCPS (Park Nicollet Health Services) (Pharmacy); Myounghee Hanson (Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement) (Facilitator); Teresa Hunteman, MA, CPHQ (Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement) (Facilitator)

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

ICSI has adopted a policy of transparency, disclosing potential conflict and competing interests of all individuals who participate in the development, revision and approval of ICSI documents (guidelines, order sets and protocols). This applies to all work groups (guidelines, order sets and protocols) and committees (Committee on Evidence-Based Practice, Cardiovascular Steering Committee,

Women's Health Steering Committee, Preventive & Health Maintenance Steering Committee and Respiratory Steering Committee). Participants must disclose any potential conflict and competing interests they or their dependents (spouse, dependent children, or others claimed as dependents) may have with any organization with commercial, proprietary, or political interests relevant to the topics covered by ICSI documents. Such disclosures will be shared with all individuals who prepare, review and approve ICSI documents.

R. Scott Wright, MD is a consultant for and receives research/grant funding from Hoffman LaRoche pertaining to clinical trial testing of Dalcetrapib.

No other work group members have potential conflicts of interest to disclose.

ICSI's conflict of interest policy and procedures are available for review on ICSI's website at www.icsi.org.

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RELEASE DATE

2004 Nov

REVISION DATE

2008 Oct

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

This measure updates a previous version: Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI). Diagnosis and treatment of chest pain and acute coronary syndrome (ACS). Bloomington (MN): Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI); 2006 Oct. 76 p.

SOURCE(S)

Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI). Diagnosis and treatment of chest pain and acute coronary syndrome (ACS). Bloomington (MN): Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI); 2008 Oct. 69 p. [138 references]

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Percentage of Patients with Chest Pain Symptoms in the Emergency Department Receiving Early Therapy Including Intravenous Access, Oxygen, Nitroglycerin, Morphine and a Chewable Aspirin on Arrival," is published in "Health Care Guideline: Diagnosis and Treatment of Chest Pain and Acute

Coronary Syndrome (ACS)." This document is available from the <u>Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement (ICSI) Web site</u>.

For more information, contact ICSI at, 8009 34th Avenue South, Suite 1200, Bloomington, MN 55425; phone: 952-814-7060; fax: 952-858-9675; Web site: www.icsi.org; e-mail: icsi.info@icsi.org.

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI on February 25, 2005. This NQMC summary was updated by ECRI Institute on December 29, 2005, January 24, 2007, and again on February 19, 2009.

COPYRIGHT STATEMENT

This NQMC summary (abstracted Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement [ICSI] Measure) is based on the original measure, which is subject to the measure developer's copyright restrictions.

The abstracted ICSI Measures contained in this Web site may be downloaded by any individual or organization. If the abstracted ICSI Measures are downloaded by an individual, the individual may not distribute copies to third parties.

If the abstracted ICSI Measures are downloaded by an organization, copies may be distributed to the organization's employees but may not be distributed outside of the organization without the prior written consent of the Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement, Inc.

All other copyright rights in the abstracted ICSI Measures are reserved by the Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement, Inc. The Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement, Inc. assumes no liability for any adaptations or revisions or modifications made to the abstracts of the ICSI Measures.

Disclaimer

NQMC DISCLAIMER

The National Quality Measures Clearinghouse™ (NQMC) does not develop, produce, approve, or endorse the measures represented on this site.

All measures summarized by NQMC and hosted on our site are produced under the auspices of medical specialty societies, relevant professional associations, public and private organizations, other government agencies, health care organizations or plans, individuals, and similar entities.

Measures represented on the NQMC Web site are submitted by measure developers, and are screened solely to determine that they meet the NQMC Inclusion Criteria which may be found at

http://www.qualitymeasures.ahrq.gov/about/inclusion.aspx.

NQMC, AHRQ, and its contractor ECRI Institute make no warranties concerning the content or its reliability and/or validity of the quality measures and related materials represented on this site. The inclusion or hosting of measures in NQMC may not be used for advertising or commercial endorsement purposes.

Readers with questions regarding measure content are directed to contact the measure developer.

Copyright/Permission Requests

Date Modified: 5/4/2009

